

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

Methyl 4-[(pyrimidin-2-yl)carbamoyl]-benzoate

Chun-Hsiang Lu,^a Chia-Jun Wu,^a Chun-Wei Yeh,^a
Hui-Ling Hu^b and Jhy-Der Chen^{a*}

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Chung-Yuan Christian University, Chung-Li, Taiwan, and

^bDepartment of Chemical and Materials Engineering, Nanya Institute of Technology, Chung-Li, Taiwan

Correspondence e-mail: jdchen@cycu.edu.tw

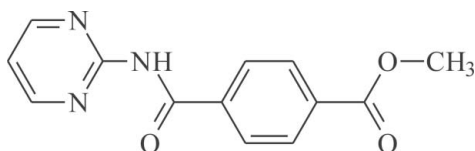
Received 24 June 2011; accepted 27 June 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 295$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.045; wR factor = 0.119; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.9.

Molecules of the title compound, $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$, are connected into centrosymmetric dimers *via* intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonds, generating an $R_2^2(8)$ motif. The pyrimidine and the phenyl rings are twisted with respect to each other by an interplanar angle of 61.3 (1)°.

Related literature

For related metal complexes of the title compound, see: Wu *et al.* (2011).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$
 $M_r = 257.25$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

$a = 5.7387$ (7) Å
 $b = 7.9037$ (10) Å
 $c = 13.6496$ (19) Å

$\alpha = 80.793$ (12)°
 $\beta = 79.997$ (11)°
 $\gamma = 77.426$ (10)°
 $V = 590.24$ (13) Å³
 $Z = 2$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.11$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 295$ K
 $0.5 \times 0.3 \times 0.1$ mm

Data collection

Siemens P4 diffractometer
Absorption correction: ψ scan
(*XSCANS*; Siemens, 1995)
 $T_{\min} = 0.963$, $T_{\max} = 0.989$
2727 measured reflections
2066 independent reflections

1427 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.037$
3 standard reflections every 97 reflections
intensity decay: none

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.119$
 $S = 1.04$
2066 reflections

174 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.21$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.18$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N3}-\text{H3B}\cdots\text{N1}^i$	0.86	2.30	3.104 (3)	156

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 2$.

Data collection: *XSCANS* (Siemens, 1995); cell refinement: *XSCANS*; data reduction: *XSCANS*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

We are grateful to the National Science Council of the Republic of China for support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5561).

References

- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
Siemens (1995). *XSCANS*. Siemens Analytical X-ray Instruments Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
Wu, C.-J., Sie, M.-J., Hsiao, H.-L. & Chen, J.-D. (2011). *CrystEngComm*, **13**, 4121–4130.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o1858 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811025190]

Methyl 4-[(pyrimidin-2-yl)carbamoyl]benzoate

C.-H. Lu, C.-J. Wu, C.-W. Yeh, H.-L. Hu and J.-D. Chen

Comment

The silver(I) complex containing methyl-4-(pyrimidin-2-ylcarbamoyl)benzoate ligand has been reported, which shows one-dimensional structure (Wu *et al.*, 2011). Within this project the crystal structure of the title compound was determined. In its crystal structure intermolecular N—H...N hydrogen bonds are found (Tab. 1).

Experimental

The title compound was prepared according to a published procedure (Wu *et al.*, 2011). Plate like crystals suitable for X-ray crystallography were obtained by slow evaporation of the solvent from a solution of the title compound in methanol.

Refinement

H atoms were placed in idealized positions and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93 - 0.96 Å and N—H = 0.86 Å, and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2$ or $1.5 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C/N})$.

Figures

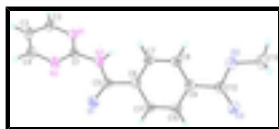


Fig. 1. Crystal structure of the title compound with atom labeling and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.

Methyl 4-[(pyrimidin-2-yl)carbamoyl]benzoate

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$

$M_r = 257.25$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 5.7387$ (7) Å

$b = 7.9037$ (10) Å

$c = 13.6496$ (19) Å

$\alpha = 80.793$ (12)°

$\beta = 79.997$ (11)°

$\gamma = 77.426$ (10)°

$V = 590.24$ (13) Å³

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 268$

$D_x = 1.447$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 26 reflections

$\theta = 4.4$ – 17.4 °

$\mu = 0.11$ mm⁻¹

$T = 295$ K

Plate, colourless

$0.5 \times 0.3 \times 0.1$ mm

Data collection

Siemens P4 diffractometer	1427 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.037$
graphite	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.7^\circ$
ω scans	$h = -6 \rightarrow 1$
Absorption correction: ψ scan (XSCANS; Siemens, 1995)	$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.963$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.989$	$l = -16 \rightarrow 16$
2727 measured reflections	3 standard reflections every 97 reflections
2066 independent reflections	intensity decay: none

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.119$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.043P)^2 + 0.2307P]$
$S = 1.04$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2066 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
174 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.18 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL97</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
	Extinction coefficient: 0.035 (5)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.3108 (4)	0.2690 (3)	1.01131 (16)	0.0434 (5)
C2	0.4585 (5)	0.1585 (3)	1.15496 (18)	0.0526 (6)
H2A	0.5531	0.1622	1.2032	0.063*

C3	0.3398 (5)	0.0224 (3)	1.16664 (19)	0.0556 (7)
H3A	0.3510	-0.0647	1.2211	0.067*
C4	0.2038 (5)	0.0214 (3)	1.09384 (19)	0.0569 (7)
H4A	0.1188	-0.0682	1.0999	0.068*
C5	0.1708 (4)	0.4275 (3)	0.85404 (17)	0.0441 (5)
C6	0.2691 (4)	0.5254 (3)	0.75767 (16)	0.0410 (5)
C7	0.5130 (4)	0.4939 (3)	0.71956 (17)	0.0448 (6)
H7A	0.6229	0.4185	0.7570	0.054*
C8	0.5926 (4)	0.5745 (3)	0.62600 (17)	0.0449 (6)
H8A	0.7555	0.5503	0.6000	0.054*
C9	0.4323 (4)	0.6908 (3)	0.57060 (16)	0.0426 (5)
C10	0.1888 (4)	0.7234 (3)	0.60887 (18)	0.0493 (6)
H10A	0.0797	0.8015	0.5722	0.059*
C11	0.1086 (4)	0.6399 (3)	0.70134 (17)	0.0474 (6)
H11A	-0.0552	0.6608	0.7261	0.057*
C12	0.5146 (4)	0.7860 (3)	0.47167 (17)	0.0473 (6)
C13	0.8539 (5)	0.8302 (4)	0.35163 (19)	0.0626 (7)
H13A	1.0257	0.8119	0.3490	0.094*
H13B	0.7869	0.9530	0.3485	0.094*
H13C	0.8174	0.7856	0.2959	0.094*
N1	0.4459 (3)	0.2859 (2)	1.07831 (14)	0.0469 (5)
N2	0.1882 (4)	0.1440 (3)	1.01460 (15)	0.0558 (6)
N3	0.3151 (4)	0.3953 (3)	0.92751 (14)	0.0496 (5)
H3B	0.4202	0.4605	0.9213	0.059*
O1	-0.0197 (3)	0.3799 (2)	0.86197 (13)	0.0601 (5)
O2	0.7514 (3)	0.7402 (2)	0.44414 (12)	0.0576 (5)
O3	0.3845 (3)	0.8936 (3)	0.42251 (14)	0.0690 (6)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0482 (13)	0.0487 (13)	0.0364 (12)	-0.0176 (11)	-0.0042 (10)	-0.0053 (10)
C2	0.0638 (16)	0.0542 (15)	0.0436 (13)	-0.0143 (12)	-0.0160 (12)	-0.0048 (11)
C3	0.0678 (17)	0.0504 (15)	0.0466 (14)	-0.0158 (12)	-0.0070 (12)	0.0044 (11)
C4	0.0648 (17)	0.0553 (15)	0.0551 (15)	-0.0292 (13)	-0.0085 (13)	0.0032 (12)
C5	0.0487 (14)	0.0462 (13)	0.0419 (12)	-0.0162 (11)	-0.0083 (10)	-0.0077 (10)
C6	0.0493 (14)	0.0412 (12)	0.0381 (12)	-0.0155 (10)	-0.0109 (10)	-0.0071 (9)
C7	0.0458 (13)	0.0476 (13)	0.0442 (13)	-0.0128 (10)	-0.0150 (10)	-0.0010 (10)
C8	0.0412 (13)	0.0498 (13)	0.0459 (13)	-0.0123 (10)	-0.0097 (10)	-0.0045 (11)
C9	0.0510 (14)	0.0445 (12)	0.0379 (12)	-0.0160 (10)	-0.0116 (10)	-0.0070 (10)
C10	0.0514 (14)	0.0501 (14)	0.0482 (14)	-0.0086 (11)	-0.0197 (11)	0.0001 (11)
C11	0.0422 (13)	0.0550 (14)	0.0473 (14)	-0.0130 (11)	-0.0093 (10)	-0.0051 (11)
C12	0.0557 (15)	0.0496 (14)	0.0422 (13)	-0.0179 (12)	-0.0141 (11)	-0.0046 (11)
C13	0.0716 (18)	0.0643 (17)	0.0510 (15)	-0.0245 (14)	0.0011 (13)	-0.0002 (13)
N1	0.0571 (12)	0.0483 (11)	0.0413 (11)	-0.0194 (9)	-0.0127 (9)	-0.0044 (9)
N2	0.0666 (14)	0.0570 (13)	0.0529 (13)	-0.0319 (11)	-0.0148 (10)	0.0009 (10)
N3	0.0625 (13)	0.0563 (12)	0.0405 (11)	-0.0326 (10)	-0.0164 (9)	0.0013 (9)
O1	0.0508 (10)	0.0784 (12)	0.0559 (11)	-0.0290 (9)	-0.0113 (8)	0.0042 (9)

supplementary materials

O2	0.0591 (11)	0.0611 (11)	0.0489 (10)	-0.0155 (9)	-0.0034 (8)	0.0043 (8)
O3	0.0674 (12)	0.0794 (13)	0.0560 (11)	-0.0142 (10)	-0.0207 (9)	0.0166 (10)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C1—N2	1.323 (3)	C7—H7A	0.9300
C1—N1	1.336 (3)	C8—C9	1.384 (3)
C1—N3	1.393 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9300
C2—N1	1.331 (3)	C9—C10	1.387 (3)
C2—C3	1.369 (4)	C9—C12	1.490 (3)
C2—H2A	0.9300	C10—C11	1.380 (3)
C3—C4	1.368 (4)	C10—H10A	0.9300
C3—H3A	0.9300	C11—H11A	0.9300
C4—N2	1.333 (3)	C12—O3	1.202 (3)
C4—H4A	0.9300	C12—O2	1.331 (3)
C5—O1	1.213 (3)	C13—O2	1.443 (3)
C5—N3	1.368 (3)	C13—H13A	0.9600
C5—C6	1.501 (3)	C13—H13B	0.9600
C6—C11	1.385 (3)	C13—H13C	0.9600
C6—C7	1.389 (3)	N3—H3B	0.8600
C7—C8	1.382 (3)		
N2—C1—N1	127.4 (2)	C8—C9—C10	119.4 (2)
N2—C1—N3	118.7 (2)	C8—C9—C12	121.8 (2)
N1—C1—N3	113.84 (19)	C10—C9—C12	118.8 (2)
N1—C2—C3	123.5 (2)	C11—C10—C9	120.0 (2)
N1—C2—H2A	118.3	C11—C10—H10A	120.0
C3—C2—H2A	118.3	C9—C10—H10A	120.0
C4—C3—C2	116.4 (2)	C10—C11—C6	120.8 (2)
C4—C3—H3A	121.8	C10—C11—H11A	119.6
C2—C3—H3A	121.8	C6—C11—H11A	119.6
N2—C4—C3	122.6 (2)	O3—C12—O2	123.4 (2)
N2—C4—H4A	118.7	O3—C12—C9	124.5 (2)
C3—C4—H4A	118.7	O2—C12—C9	112.1 (2)
O1—C5—N3	124.8 (2)	O2—C13—H13A	109.5
O1—C5—C6	120.6 (2)	O2—C13—H13B	109.5
N3—C5—C6	114.57 (19)	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
C11—C6—C7	119.2 (2)	O2—C13—H13C	109.5
C11—C6—C5	118.7 (2)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
C7—C6—C5	121.9 (2)	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
C8—C7—C6	120.0 (2)	C2—N1—C1	114.5 (2)
C8—C7—H7A	120.0	C1—N2—C4	115.6 (2)
C6—C7—H7A	120.0	C5—N3—C1	127.31 (19)
C7—C8—C9	120.6 (2)	C5—N3—H3B	116.3
C7—C8—H8A	119.7	C1—N3—H3B	116.3
C9—C8—H8A	119.7	C12—O2—C13	117.09 (19)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

D—H \cdots A	D—H	H \cdots A	D \cdots A	D—H \cdots A
----------------	-----	--------------	--------------	----------------

$N3-H3B\cdots N1^i$

0.86

2.30

3.104 (3)

156

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+2$.

Fig. 1

